

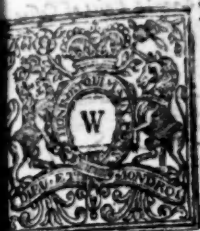
The Daily Gazetteer.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 16. 1737.

9: 668.

I R E L A N D.

Dublin, August 6.



We hear from Londonderry, that on the 31st of July last, the Mayor gave Notice to the Corporation to meet, that an Entertainment might be prepared, in order to pay the proper Compliments due to the 1st of August, by all those who wish well to our present happy Constitution; but the unfortunate Disputes subsisting in that Corporation had like to have defeated his good Design, by several of the Members who live in that City absenting themselves, so that a Common Council could not be made up, until the Mayor (thru' his great Zeal for the Protestant Interest, and to solemnize that Day to which we owe our Liberty and present Happiness) sent Expresses to several Members who live in the Country, who immediately attended, by which a sufficient Number was obtained, and an Entertainment ordered; to which the Right Hon. the Lord Viscount Limerick, and the Gentlemen of the Army quarter'd there were invited: His Lordship and Capt. Leslie Commanding Officer, were presented with their Freedom; the King, Queen, and Royal Family, the glorious Memory of King William, the Relief of Derry, and several other loyal Toasts were drank; and the Day concluded with all such Demonstrations of Joy, as became that loyal City, under so good and just a Magistrature as they now have.

This Week the Hon. Mr. Glanville, one of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Revenue in this Kingdom, arrived here from England.

His Grace the Duke of Devonshire hath ordered his Liveries and Equipages to be made in this Kingdom against his Arrival here, which will be about the 12th of next Month.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Anglesey, the Right Hon. William Conolly, Esq; and several other Persons of great Distinction are speedily expected here.

Last Sunday Robert Adaire, Esq; had one of his Legs cut off above the Knee for a Mortification, and died immediately after the Amputation.

S C O T L A N D.

Edinburgh, Aug. 9. Sunday last upon the Arrival of the joyful News of the Princess of Wales being happily deliver'd of a Princess, the Flag was display'd from the Castle, at 12 at Noon the Great Guns were fir'd, and at Night there was a large Bonfire on the Wall. In the Evening the Great Guns from the Men of War in the Road of Leith were also fir'd off. Yesterday likewise there were publick Rejoicings for the same all over this City from Morning till Night, and in the Evening the Magistrates met in the Town House, and drank the Loyal Healths under a Discharge of the Fire Arms of the City Guards, and with the Ringing of Bells.

Last Thursday the Hon. Mr. Charles Areskine of Barjarg, his Majesty's Advocate, was re-chos'd Member of Parliament for the Shire of Dumfries without Opposition, the same having been given up some Days before the Election by the other Candidate.

This Week the Commission of the General Assembly are to meet, when 'tis thought many other Ministers, besides Members, will be present.

We hear that the Act for bringing to Justice the Murderers of Captain Porteous, has been generally read in the Synod of Merse and Teviotdale.

As one chief Reason for the Legislature's appointing the Clergy to read this Act, was, that it might be the more effectually notified, and that none might pretend Ignorance, we may be allowed to say, that this End is already thoroughly attained; and that no Act of Parliament that ever respected any Part of the United Kingdom, has been more effectually publish'd than this, the same being already known in every Corner of the Nation, even to the meanest Peasant: Tho' it must be owned, it would not have been so universally known, had not the Clergy been appointed to read it from their Pulpits: And even the Scruples which the Brethren have had about it, has been no small Occasion of its Promulgation.

We hear from Glasgow, That the above Act was read in 3 of the Churches of that City, viz. the College, Trone and Rams-horn Churches, but that several of the Ministers were necessarily absent. And That it will be generally read in the large Synod of Aberdeen.

The Magistrates have published a new Act of Council, for the more effectual preventing of Riots in all Time coming, and directing all the Inhabitants that are in any publick Office to repair to the Places therein mentioned, to receive Directions from the Magistrates, upon the first Motion of any Uproar, Mob, or Tumult, without further Notice, on the Penalty of 100 l. each Transgressor: And this Day Printed Copies of the said Act are to be delivered to the Officers of the Trained Bands, Constables, &c.

C O U N T R Y N E W S.

Exon, August 12. Yesterday there was a grand Entertainment at the Rummer Tavern in this City, for the Gentlemen educated at Baliol College, Oxford, where was a very numerous and splendid Appearance. The Stewards chosen for the ensuing Year are, Dr. Leigh, Master of Baliol; Dr. Waldron, of this Place; Coventry Carew, Esq; and James Bullock, Esq;

Collins pleaded guilty to the Indictment for the Murder of the Woman upon Haldown; and the Man of Tiverton is convicted for the Murder of his Wife.

H O M E P O R T S.

Launceston, Aug. 12. Arrived the Hope, Serjeant, from Barbados; the Neptune, Cock, from the Leeward Islands; no Sugar aboard the latter.

Bristol, Aug. 13. Last Night arrived the Batchelor's Endeavour, Rice, from South Carolina.

Brighton, Aug. 11. Arrived the Tring, Dornford, from Oporto.

Falmouth, Aug. 11. Wind S. This Day failed the Eagle Packet, Masterman, for the Groyne, with the rest of the outward bound. Since my last arrived the Matthew, Bonamy, from Guernsey for Virginia; his Majesty's Ship Saltash, from Cruising; the Truro Tin Ship, Francis, from London. Remains no Packets.

Plymouth, Aug. 12. Arrived the Prince William, Chaille, from Lisbon.

Weymouth, Aug. 13. The 10th came to an Anchor in Portland Road, and failed again Yesterday, the Eagle of London, Manorey, for Malaga; the Good Hope of Chichester, Ayres, from London for Bourdeaux; and the Cornelius and Aaron, Coats, of and from Ipswich for Dublin; the Providence, Feor, of London from Dantzick for Bristol; the Cholmondeley, Brooks, of and from London for Gibraltar; the Hope, Burden, of and from Guernsey for Newcastle. Wind W. S. W.

Southampton, Aug. 14. Arrived the Hellen, Joad, from Oporto.

Portsmouth, Aug. 14. Yesterday came the John and Elizabeth Brigantine, Over, with Flax from Memell, for Oporto.

Dover, Aug. 14. Arrived the New Albany, White, from New England.

Deal, Aug. 14. Wind N. The outward bound Ships, as per Yesterday, are failed. Remains the Tom and Jack, Hempstead, from Cadiz. Arrived and remain the Charming Sukey, Dixon, from Maryland; the Union, Gibson, from Cadiz.

Gravesend, Aug. 14. On the 12th Instant passed by the Robert, Soans, and the London, Wills, from Norway: On the 13th, the Cooper, Spooner, from Stetin; and this Day the Endeavour, Lazinby, from Stetin; the Susannah, Woodward; the Abbey, Kell; the Two Brothers, Hanson; the Wright, Harvey; and the Pompey, from Norway; the Constant John, Walker; the Josiah, Hales, from Riga; the Industry, Blackland, from Petersburg; the St. Coleman, Dupont, from Bilbao; the William and Mary, Mannefly, from Antigua; the Elizabeth, Goodman; and the Caesar, Smyter, from Carolina; the Betty, Friend, from Oporto; the William and John, Ire; from Guernsey; the Chetwynd, Brown; the Priscilla, Carter; and the Dispatch, Finny, from Barbados; the Gilbert,

Pringle, from Antigua; the Roehampton, Tobins from St. Christopher's.

The Lambert, Cumby, and the Rysbrack, Dornford, is arrived at Oporto; the Marmaduke, Bowman, at Lisbon, all from London: And at Margate, the Ann, Curling, from Calais.

L O N D O N.

Yesterday a French Mail arrived, but brought nothing more material than Advices from Genoa, dated the 27th ult. O. S. That the Rebels in Corsica make more Spoil than ever, burning, plundering, and ruining, every Thing, where-ever they come, that belongs to the Genoese, being resolved to spend the little Time they have left, in a compleat Revenge. Mean while, as the Genoese make no Motion to put a Stop to these Disorders, 'tis imagined their Indolence is owing to their absolute Dependence upon what France and the Emperor will do in their favour.

There is Advice by a Letter from Belgrade, of July 11, O. S. That the Plague among the Tartars in the Crim commits more Ravages than any of the preceding Mortalities ever did: That the Prince of Saxe-Hildburghausen is Master of all the Forts and Intrenchments that were rais'd in Croatia and Bosnia, by Order of the Renegado Bonneval; and that the Turks at Nissa have evacuated that Place, to the Number of 14,000 Souls.

A particular Letter from Vienna, of the 23d ult. O. S. says, The Court of Spain has acceded to the General Treaty concluded between the Emperor and France: That as soon as General Wallis entered Wallachia, the Hospodar of that Country offered to put himself under the Emperor's Protection, and to pay him Tribute, upon Condition of being defended against any Insult from the Turks; and that the Hospodar of Moldavia has made the same Offer: Both which, 'tis believed, will be accepted by the Imperial Court, because they promise to join a considerable Body of Troops to the Imperial Army, as well as to pay large Contributions.

The Dutch Minister in Turkey has wrote to the Minister of that Republick at Vienna, that the Sultan was retired privately to Adrianople, for fear of an Insurrection in his Capital.

There's Advice by Letters from the Vistula, of the 11th ult. That the Grand Army of the Turks is so surrounded by the Russians, that it will be obliged to run the Risque of a Batle, in order to get clear of them: That General Laszy, after having defeated the Tartars who opposed his Passage, has laid Siege to Gianicula in Tartary; and that his Army is posted in such a Manner, as to be able to join General Munich in a very short Time.

We are informed, that the Magazine of Powder at Strasburg, lately took Fire some how or other, and blew up into the Air, by which 5 Persons lost their Lives.

The Polish Troops that were on the March to guard the Congress that was to be at Nimirow, are ordered to return to their Quarters.

Late last Night arrived one of the Mails due from Holland, with the Confirmation and Particulars of the Taking of Oczakow and Nissa, which must be deferred to another Opportunity.

The other most material Advices are contained in Letters from Vienna, of the 27th ult. O. S. which say, that Count Seekendorf has sent General Schmettau with a Detachment, to lay Bulgaria under Contribution, and to besiege Widdin, which is a Place much stronger than Nissa, of much more difficult Approach, better furnished with Troops, Artillery, and Provisions: And that Count Bonneval, who had assembled a numerous and well disciplin'd Army in Bosnia, from which the Germans expected great Opposition, is by express Orders from the Porte, set out with all Haste for Constantinople; but for what Reason is not known.

The Letters from Croatia, which confirm the Defeat of the Imperialists under the Baron de Raunach, lay all the Blame of it upon the Cowardice of the Militia, who when they saw that gallant Officer engaged in Battle with the Turks, abandoned him to defend himself, with only the 600 Regular Troops that he had with him, against several thousands of those Infidels.

The other Advices we must postpone to our next.



Letters from Lisbon, of the 7th of August, N. S. mention that an Advice-Boat was arrived there from the Bahia, in 60 Days; that a Licence-Ship loaded with Tobacco departed with her; also that a Portuguese Man of War from Goa, was arrived at the Bahia, and was burnt within 24 Hours after her Arrival there.

The Concord, Parr, of Liverpool, laden with 200 Hogheads of Sugar, from St. Christopher's for London, is lost on the Dog and Prickly Pear Island, near St. Christopher's.

Capt. Manneff, of the William and Mary, lately arrived in the River from Antigua, says, that he left that Island the 4th of July, that on the 8th, about 200 Leagues to the Northward, he met with a violent Storm: But Letters from St. Christopher's, of the 10th of July, don't mention any Thing of it, so 'tis hoped it did not reach the Islands.

Last Sunday died, at his House at Drayton in the County of Middlesex, the Rev. Mr. James Watson, M. A. Fellow of Clare-Hall, Cambridge.

Yesterday the Rev. Mr. Burton, M. A. was instituted into the Rectory of West-Hanningfield, in the County of Essex, and Diocese of London, void by the Death of the last Incumbent.

Last Wednesday Daniel Hornby, of Malton in the County of York, Esq; was introduced to His Majesty at Hampton-Court, and had the Honour to kiss His Majesty's Hand, on his being appointed a Lieutenant in the Royal Train of Artillery, commanded by the Hon. Major-General Albert Borgard.

Yesterday died, after a short Illness, at his House at Barner, John Elior, Esq; a young Gentleman of a plentiful Estate, and a few Days since was married to a young Lady of great Fortune.

Yesterday at Noon his Excellency the Baron Harloff, His Majesty's Principal Secretary for the Affairs of Hanover, lay at the Point of Death at Hampton-Court.

On Sunday Night Mr. Spencer, of St. Mary le Bone, going home from Paddington, was attacked in one of the Fields by a single Foot-Pad, who knock'd him down, and rifled him of his Money, a Silver Watch, and a Gold Ring, &c.

The latter End of last Week the Rev. Mr. Stanton was inducted into the Vicarage of Moulton in the County of Northampton, being lately presented thereto by the Right Hon. the Vord Viscount Hatton, void by the Death of the last Incumbent.

Yesterday Capt. Thomas Marcham killed his Majesty's Hand on his being appointed Capt. of a Troop in the Royal Regiment of Horse Guards Blue, commanded by his Grace the Duke of Argyle.

As did also Lieutenant Charles Shipman, on his being appointed Captain Lieutenant in the said Regiment.

Jonathan Drake, the Boy lately mentioned, that was shot by John Milborne at Standford Brooke, is dead of his Wounds, and was opened by Mr. Duddell, Surgeon, of Hammer-Smith, and there were several Shot taken out of his Bowels and Testicles, and one out of the Purse of the Heart; and on Saturday last the Coroner's Inquest sat on him and brought in their Verdict, Wilful Murder.

On Sunday Morning last Samuel Wilson was committed to Newgate by Justice Wrath, for stealing a Silver Tankard from Mrs. Tully of Brick Lane in Old-street.

Yesterday Thomas Mayham was committed to Clerkenwell Bridewell by Col. De Veil for further Examination, for being concerned with several other Persons, not yet taken, in robbing a Black or Tawny-moor of his Hat and Peruke, in or near Long Acre, about five Weeks ago.

And on Saturday last one James Olivier was likewise committed to Newgate by the said Gentleman, for stealing out of the Shop of Mr. La Motte, a Scarlet Waistcoat trimmed with Gold.

Observing a Paragraph in the London Daily Post of Thursday last, which says, The Spaniards claim some Parts of America, now possess'd by the English; and that the Colony of Carolina being situated in 32 Degrees of Latitude, and 294 1-half of Longitude; and that that of Georgia being to the South of the same, it is indisputable that this last, as well as the first, is within the Territories of the King of Spain, according to the Treaty in 1670: And that the Demarcation between Carolina and Florida was regulated by the 7th Article of the said Treaty to be 33 Degrees 50 Minutes North Latitude, and 339 Degrees and 20 Minutes Longitude.

It is judged necessary to set the Publick right in that Matter, by informing them, that the 7th Article of the said Treaty referred to, which was dated the 8-18th of July 1670; instead of stating the Demarcation as above, Confirms the Right of the Crown of Great Britain in the Possession of Carolina. His Majesty King Charles the Second (with whom the

said Treaty was made, well knowing the Right and Title he had to the whole Province of Carolina) granted the same to the then Lord Chancellor Clarendon, the Duke of Albemarle, and others of the First Rank in England, by his Royal Charter dated the 30th of June 1665, above 5 Years before the said Treaty of 1670 was made; under which Charter the said Lords Proprietors possessed the same: And the Province of Carolina doth by the said Charter appear to extend as far as 29 Degrees North Latitude, which certainly takes in all 30. Subsequent to which Charter, the said Treaty of 1670 was made, and the 7th Article thereof we have here inserted at full Length, because the said Article is falsely quoted, there being no Demarcation mentioned in that Article nor Treaty.

All Offences, Damages, Losses, Injuries, which the Nations and People of Great Britain and Spain have at any time heretofore, upon what Cause or Pretext soever, suffered by each other in America, shall be expunged out of Remembrance, and buried in Oblivion, as if no such thing had ever pass'd.

Moreover, it is agreed, That the most Serene King of Great Britain, his Heirs and Successors, shall have, hold, keep and enjoy for Ever, with plenary Right of Sovereignty, Dominion, Possession and Property, all those Lands, Regions, Islands, Colonies, and Places whatsoever, being or situate in the West Indies, or in any Part of America, which the said King of Great Britain and his Subjects do at present hold and possess; so as that in regard thereof, or upon any Colour or Pretence whatsoever, nothing more may or ought to be urged, nor any Question or Controversy be ever moved concerning the same hereafter.

And the Treaty of Utrecht concluded in the Year 1713, again confirmed the Possession of all Carolina in the Crown of Great Britain.

And in the Year 1729, the Parliament of Great Britain purchased for his Majesty from the Lords Proprietors, the whole Province of Carolina, bounded to the 29th Degree, in the Manner above-mentioned; which comprehends North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia. By which it indisputably appears, that the two last are within the Territories of the King of Great Britain, as well as the first. And this Right hath been continually maintained by the Crown of Great Britain, who hath encouraged People from all Nations to resort to and settle in the said Colonies, which they have done with their Effects and Families, greatly to the Benefit of the British Nation: For the Exports to and Imports from those Colonies, do amount to several Hundred thousand Pounds Sterling yearly.

The British Subjects who inhabit those Countries, under the Faith of Regal and of Parliamentary Encouragement; have erected Towns, built Houses, tilled large Tracts of Lands, raised Stocks of Cattle, and possess above Thirty thousand Slaves: And this with the Consent and Assistance of the native Indians, who for many hundred Miles round have submitted to the Crown of Great Britain, and taken Commissions from the Governors sent by the King of Great Britain, and display British Colours in their several Towns, in Token of their Submission to his Majesty.

This, surely, is another kind of Claim, than the wild Pretensions of a Nation, who have massacred half the Natives of America, under a Grant from the Pope.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	3 4	3 22
Bank Stock 144.	India 174, 173 1-half to 3-4ths.	
South Sea 101 1-8th to 1-4th.	Old Annuity 110 to 1-4th.	New ditto 109 7-8ths.
Emperor's Loan 113.	Royal Assurance 107 3-4ths.	London Assurance 14 3-4ths.
African 61.	New India Bonds 61.	17 s. Prem.
Old ditto, 61.	15 s. Premium.	South Sea ditto 4 l. 10 s.
12 s. Prem.	Bank Circulation 3 l. 12 s. 6d. Prem.	Salt Talties 1 to 5 Prem.
English Copper 2 l. 12 s.	Welch ditto 15 s.	Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 1-4th per Cent. Prem.
Three per Cent. ditto 2 7-8ths to 3 per Cent. Premium.	Million Bank 122 1-half.	Lottery Tickets 9 l. 18 s.

For Sale by the Candle,
On Friday the 26th of August, 1737, at Lloyd's Coffee-House in Lombard-street at 12 o'Clock at Noon,



THE Good Ship Walpole,
with 22 Guns, lately Arrived from the East Indies, Square Stern'd, River built, by Messrs. Brindsons, Burthen 480 Tons more or less, with proportionable Dimensions, and extremely well found, now lying in Messrs. Brindson's Wet-Dock Deptford, CHARLES BODHAM, Commander.

Inventories to be seen on board the said Ship, and at the Place of Sale.
To be sold by ABRAHAM COLEMAN, Legal Broker living in Mincing-Lane.

WHEREAS sundry Goods mark'd and number'd hereunder, were ship'd at Leghorn for London, the Ship, the Italian Merchant, Joseph Cortese, Commander, and consign'd to Order. This is to give notice to the Persons concern'd, that in case they do not appear to demand them on or before the 20th of this instant August, they will be enter'd and landed, and put to publick Sale by the Owners of the said Ship.

F A No 1 to 50--50 half Chests of Wax

SP No 1 to 12--12 Jars of Oil

SP No 1 to 14--14 Bales of Cotton

SP No 1 to 14--14 Bales of Cotton

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